### 11.702

plus or minus 10 percent unless a different limitation is established in agency regulations. Consideration shall be given to the quantity to which the percentage variation applies. For example, when delivery will be made to multiple destinations and it is desired that the quantity variation apply to the item quantity for each destination, this requirement must be stated in the contract.

- (c) Contractors are responsible for delivery of the specified quantity of items in a fixed-price contract, within allowable variations, if any. If a contractor delivers a quantity of items in excess of the contract requirements plus any allowable variation in quantity, particularly small dollar value overshipments, it results in unnecessary administrative costs to the Government in determining disposition of the excess quantity. Accordingly, the contract may include the clause at 52.211–17, Delivery of Excess Quantities, to provide that—
- (1) Excess quantities of items totaling up to \$250 in value may be retained without compensating the contractor;
- (2) Excess quantities of items totaling over \$250 in value may, at the Government's option, be either returned at the contractor's expense or retained and paid for at the contract unit price.

 $[48\ FR\ 42159,\ Sept.\ 19,\ 1983,\ as\ amended\ at\ 54$  FR 34753, Aug. 21, 1989; 62 FR 40236, July 25, 1997]

## 11.702 Construction contracts.

Construction contracts may authorize a variation in estimated quantities of unit-priced items. When the variation between the estimated quantity and the actual quantity of a unitpriced item is more than plus or minus 15 percent, an equitable adjustment in the contract price shall be made upon the demand of either the Government or the contractor. The contractor may request an extension of time if the quantity variation is such as to cause an increase in the time necessary for completion. The contracting officer must receive the request in writing within 10 days from the beginning of the period of delay. However, the contracting officer may extend this time limit before the date of final settlement of the contract. The contracting officer shall ascertain the facts and make any adjustment for extending the completion date that the findings justify.

### 11.703 Contract clauses.

- (a) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.211–16, Variation in Quantity, in solicitations and contracts, if authorizing a variation in quantity in fixed-price contracts for supplies or for services that involve the furnishing of supplies.
- (b) The contracting officer may insert the clause at 52.211–17, Delivery of Excess Quantities, in solicitations and contracts, when a fixed-price supply contract is contemplated.
- (c) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.211–18, Variation in Estimated Quantity, in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price construction contract is contemplated that authorizes a variation in the estimated quantity of unit-priced items.

[48 FR 42159, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 54 FR 34753, Aug. 21, 1989. Redesignated and amended at 60 FR 48241, Sept. 18, 1995; 64 FR 10538. Mar. 4, 1999]

## Subpart 11.8—Testing

Source: 62 FR 51230, Sept. 30, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

## 11.801 Preaward in-use evaluation.

Supplies may be evaluated under comparable in-use conditions without a further test plan, provided offerors are so advised in the solicitation. The results of such tests or demonstrations may be used to rate the proposal, to determine technical acceptability, or otherwise to evaluate the proposal (see 15.305).

# PART 12—ACQUISITION OF COMMERCIAL ITEMS

12.000 Scope of part. 12.001 Definition.

## Subpart 12.1—Acquisition of Commercial Items—General

12.101 Policy.12.102 Applicability.